

1. Open brackets. Complete the sentences with the right form of the verb

- a) My sister's friend _____(not to choose) a new dress yet.
- b) He _____(not to like) watching TV at night.
- c) _____it sometimes _____(to snow) in winter?
- d) Mary _____(to write) a letter the day after tomorrow.
- e) Our classmates _____(not to go) to school 2 days ago.
- f) Look! Simon _____(to ride) a bike!
- g) She _____(not to be) 10 next year

2. Ask questions to the underlined words and expressions

- a) There were many student books **on the table**.
_____?
- b) My mother has **a lot of different books** at home.
_____?
- c) **Her** coat was very expensive.
_____?
- d) It took me **15 minutes** to get to school last Friday.
_____?
- e) **They** often buy food in the nearest shop.
_____?
- f) My parents are going to travel **to France**.
_____?
- g) His brother visits me **twice a week**.
_____?

3. Write the prepositions

- a) Is she really proud ___her sister?
- b) My friend is good ___playing chess.
- c) Last week we travelled ___ car.
- d) We met ___a windy day last year.
- e) ___the way, what's the weather like today?
- f) This boy often laughs ___ me.
- g) The bookcase is ___the corner of my room.

4. Write some/any/no

- a) They didn't buy ____ cheese.
- b) Let's cook ____ salad for lunch.
- c) There isn't ____ juice in this cup.
- d) Would you like ____ water?
- e) She doesn't like ____ meat. She eats only vegetables.
- f) We had ____ books yesterday. The library didn't work.

5. Complete the sentences with the right form of Past Simple or Present Perfect

- a) _____ he ever (to be) to the Bolshoi Theatre?
- b) Mr Smith _____ the text. (not to understand)
- c) My mother _____ this room 10 minutes ago. (to leave)
- d) Her brother _____ in this flat for three years. (to live)
- e) Who _____ your friend at school last year? (to be)
- f) This pupil _____ his homework yet (to bring)
- g) When _____ your parents _____ this car? (to buy)

6. Make up "tag" questions

- a) She has a lot of books, _____?
- b) I am your teacher, _____?
- c) He never eats fruit, _____?
- d) They don't like swimming, _____?
- e) Her friends visit granny every week, _____?
- f) Mary will be tired at school, _____?
- g) He hasn't got books at home, _____?

7. Write the right form of the adjectives in brackets

- a) This pupil is _____ I have ever known. (clever)
- b) Her parents are as _____ as my friend's parents. (tall)
- c) What book is _____ (interesting)
- d) Our tickets are _____ than yours. (cheap)
- e) This film is much _____ than that one. (popular)
- f) Pushkin is _____ writer in Russia. (famous)
- g) My sister is _____ girl in primary school. (beautiful)

8. Write words from active vocabulary (see the translation in brackets)

- a) There is a large **c** _____ on the floor in my room. (ковер)
- b) We have bought very **e** _____ tickets. (дорогие)
- c) I like these **c** _____ on your window! (занавески)
- d) Do you have any **s** _____ collections at home? (специальный)

- e) The bedroom is **d**_____. (внизу)
- f) My favourite subject at school is **G**_____. (география)
- g) How was your **j**_____? Oh, excellent! (путешествие)
- h) When did the train **a**_____? (прибывать)

9. Reading comprehension. Read the text below

Great Britain and its parts

The United Kingdom has four parts: England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

The capital of England is London. It is a big industrial city with a lot of offices, shopping malls, historical buildings and beautiful bridges over the river Thames which is in its centre. This is the deepest river in this country and the most important one, but the longest river is Severn.

Scotland is a very beautiful part of Great Britain with high mountains, green fields and perfectly clear rivers and lakes. There are two different parts in Scotland. The place with a lot of mountains people call “Highlands”, but in fact mountains in Scotland are not very high.

The main city of Scotland is Edinburgh, this is the capital. Many people who love Art and History visit this part of Great Britain to see the famous “Edinburgh Feast”. Plenty of theatres from all over the world come here to take part in the feast and show their great performances.

The next part of Great Britain in the West is Wales. About three million of people live there. The capital of Wales is Cardiff. It is famous for its beautiful Roman castle and modern shopping centres. There are two national languages in Wales – Welsh and English. People usually speak Welsh in the North of the country.

The task: read questions and write T – true, F – false or NS – not stated

1. Wales is situated in the East of Great Britain.
2. The river Thames is the longest and the most important river in Great Britain.
3. People from different countries visit “Edinburgh Festival”.
4. If you visit Cardiff you can see many bridges over the rivers.
5. London is an industrial city.
6. The “Highlands” are in Scotland.
7. There are five parts in Great Britain.
8. There are a lot of theatres in Edinburgh.
9. People speak Welsh in Scotland.
10. Northern Ireland is not a part of Wales.

10. Writing skills

Your pen-friend Mary wrote a letter to you. She asked you 3 questions: What kind of hobby do you have? Do you have any collections, what collections? What kind of hobbies do your relatives have? Write a letter to Mary. Don't forget to thank her for the letter, to answer her questions and to ask 3 questions to her.